

Outdoor Education (Paddle Rafting)

Lakes, Rivers

SECONDARY - CURRICULAR 2025

- Consult **Disability-Centred Safety** if your groups of students include students with disabilities.
- Consult Risk Management.
- The safety standards for this activity must be presented to the activity provider prior to the activity taking place. The activity provider must meet the minimum requirements listed in the safety standards.
 For more information on planning trips using outside providers, consult <u>Outside Activity Providers</u>.
- These Outdoor Education (Paddle Rafting) safety standards as well as the safety standards of the Outside Activity Provider must be followed.
- The Outdoor Education (Paddle Rafting) safety standards outlines the safety requirements for paddle rafting activities that involve moving water. Participation is restricted to Class I and Class II rivers only, as defined by the **International Scale of River Difficulty**:
 - Class I: Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. Few obstructions, all obvious and easily missed with little training. Risk to swimmers is slight; self-rescue is easy.
 - Class II: Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting.
 Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium-sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers.

- Canoeing Moving Water and White Water Rafting above Class II, White Water Kayaking, as well as White Water or Surf SUP, are not appropriate activities at the secondary level. For Class I and Class II Rivers Consult:
 - Outdoor Education (Canoeing Moving Water)
- Also consult Outdoor Education (General Procedures).
- Consult <u>Outdoor Education (Swimming Leisure)</u> if leisure swimming is included as an associated activity that takes place at a designated or non-designated swim area (for example, at camps or municipal swim areas) when not on a watercraft or land-based trip.
- Consult <u>Outdoor Education (Swimming Instructional)</u> for a definition of Instructional time, and safety standards for instructional swimming in a lake, pond, or river, which can only occur at designated swim areas.
- Consult <u>Outdoor Education (Swimming on Watercraft and Land-based Trips)</u> if swimming is to take place in a non-designated swim area while tripping.
- Consult **Swimming (Instructional)** if the swimming assessment is to take place in a pool.

Equipment

- Determine that all equipment is safe (for example, no sharp corners, cracks, or splinters) and all
 assistive devices (e.g., a walker) are in good working condition and properly adjusted for the height and
 mobility needs of the student prior to participation.
- The loading of a raft with people and/or gear must not exceed the manufacturer's load capacity rating.
- Correctly fitting and Canadian-approved personal flotation device (PFD)/Lifejackets, with whistle attached, must be worn and properly secured at all times by all students when near the water, on docks

and in rafts.

- Students must wear a correctly fitting, properly secured/fastened and Canadian approved personal flotation device (PFD) or lifejacket, with whistle/signaling device attached, at all times near the water, where the depth of the water poses a risk, in and on the water.
- Teachers and all individuals who assist with the watercraft activity (for example, Qualified Instructors, Trip Guides) are required to wear a correctly fitting, properly secured/fastened and Canadian approved PFD or lifejacket, with whistle/signaling device attached, at all times near the water, where the depth of the water poses a risk, in and on the water.

Refer to the *First Aid* section for first aid equipment requirements.

Watercraft

- Rafts must be provided by the facility. Personal rafts must not be used.
- Comply with the Minimum Safety Equipment Requirements as specified in the <u>Transport Canada Safe</u>
 <u>Boating Guide</u>.

Safety Craft

- A safety craft is a designated craft that is rescue-capable, taking into consideration necessary factors (for example, distance from shore, weather, water, wind conditions), and contains at least one Teacher, Qualified Instructor, or Trip Guide who meets the first aid certification.
- The safety craft may be motorized/non-motorized. The non-motorized safety craft can be the watercraft that the Qualified Instructor/Trip Guide is operating.
- A motorized safety craft must be equipped as per <u>**Transport Canada's Safe Boating Guide**</u> requirements
- The operator of a motorized safety craft must have a Pleasure Craft Operator Card.

- The operator of the motorized/non-motorized safety craft must have experience in navigating the craft and knowledge of the waterway in which the activity takes place (for example hazards, rocks, shoals).
- The motorized safety craft must not pose a risk to the safety of the participants (for example, maintains a safe distance from the watercraft, operates at a speed that minimizes boat wake unless responding to an emergency).
- The safety craft must be the first craft in the water with occupants aboard, and the engine running if motorized, before Students leave the beach, dock, or mooring and while Students are on the water.
- A reboarding device is required where the vertical height that a person must climb to reboard the boat from the water (freeboard) is over 0.5m (1'8").

Clothing/Footwear/Jewellery

- Students must be knowledgeable about suitable clothing required for the activity (e.g., appropriate fabrics, recommend layering principles, list of items).
- Prior to departure, student gear must be checked to ensure they have all of the appropriate/required clothing and footwear.
- Clothing (layers, rain gear when appropriate) and footwear (closed-toed shoes that provide traction when on land) appropriate for the activity, location, and environmental conditions must be worn.
- Dry change of clothing must be kept in a watertight bag/container.
- Articles (for example, jewellery and clothing) that could become tangled, caught, or cause injury or restrict the student in the event of an emergency must not be worn.
- When long hair poses a safety risk it must be secured. Devices (for example, hair pins, elastics and barrettes) used to tie back long hair must not present a safety concern.

• Students must not participate when the length of fingernails poses a safety risk to themselves or others.

Facilities

- Check with local authorities for current information regarding route safety.
- Water conditions must be appropriate for the skill level of the group.
- Determine that all facilities are safe and accessible for the students participating. Students must be encouraged to report facility problems to the teacher.

Environmental Considerations

- When environmental conditions may pose a risk to student safety (for example, thunderstorms
 [lightning] or student(s) with asthma, triggered by air quality), Teachers must take into consideration
 their school board/school's protocols and procedures related to:
 - environmental conditions (consult Weather); and
 - insects (for example, mosquitoes and ticks [consult the school/school board's protocols and/or regional Public Health Department's website]).
- Students must receive instruction on safety procedures related to environmental conditions and be made aware of ways to protect themselves (for example, sun burn, heat stroke, poisonous plants).
- At all times the school board's weather and insect procedures are the minimum standards. In situations where a higher standard of care is presented (for example, outside activity providers, facility/program coordinators), the higher standard of care must be followed.
- The Qualified Instructor and Teacher must:

- be aware of and respond to changing weather and water conditions prior to and during the trip;
 and
- cancel, postpone or alter the excursion if conditions put students' safety at an elevated level of risk. (for example, wind, temperature, lightning storms, fog).
- If hazardous weather suddenly approaches, leave the water immediately.
- Daylight paddle rafting only except under emergency situations.
- Navigation lights (for example, waterproof flashlight) are required if operating at night or in restricted visibility.

Special Rules/Instructions

- Be aware of students whose medical condition (for example, asthma, anaphylaxis, casts, previous concussion, orthopaedic device) may affect participation. Consult <u>Medical Conditions</u>.
- Risks involved with the activities must be communicated to parents/guardians with a signed response form from the parents/guardians, giving permission for student to participate.
- Parents/guardians must be informed that all students will wear a correctly fitting and Canadianapproved PFD/lifejacket, with whistle attached, when near, in or on the water.
- When a student displays hesitation (verbally or non-verbally) with participating, the Teacher must determine the reason(s) for doubt. If the Teacher believes that a potential hesitancy during the skill could put the student at risk, the student must be directed toward a more basic skill, or be permitted to select a role within the activity at their comfort level, including the choice to not participate.
- Students must be informed that the use of equipment and the gymnasium are prohibited without supervision. In addition to verbal communication, the doors must be locked or signs must be posted indicating that students are not allowed to use the gym unless appropriately supervised.

- Proper exit techniques must always be followed. No diving or jumping off rafts.
- Establish appropriate start and stop procedures (for example, whistle system).
- All Trip Guides must be knowledgeable of the established emergency and safety procedures for their site. Trip Guides must outline emergency and safety procedures to all participants and other Teachers/Monitors.

Paddle Rafting Skills

- Prior paddle rafting, a prerequisite test must occur in a pool, shallow water, or sheltered bay for which students must demonstrate to the Qualified Instructor competence in paddle rafting skills, as follow:
 - Launching
 - Positioning of paddlers
 - Proper entry/exit

Steersperson

- Every craft requires a qualified steersperson.
- Steersperson may sit or stand while steering.
- Steersperson is the in-charge person outranking all persons in the boat.
- Steersperson for each boat must demonstrate the following knowledge and skills:
 - Read and understand Transports Canada's Safe Boating Guide
 - $\circ~$ Be able to manage the team and exercise authority over team members
 - Load the boat

Balance the boat

• Maintain a straight course

- Steer a figure eight course around two buoys at normal speed with a full crew, in both directions, or in the absence of buoys, steer a set course which includes both left- and right-angled turns
- Execute sideways maneuvers without going forwards
- $\circ\,$ Turn the boat through 360 degrees in both directions without the use of paddlers
- $\circ\,$ Guide the craft forward in a straight line without the use of paddlers
- Execute an emergency stop
- Execute safe approaches to a jetty/pontoon/dock in still and windy conditions
- Manage the unloading of the team members
- Secure the boat and determine that gear is put away correctly

Student Medical Information

- Teachers must be aware of Students whose medical condition (for example, asthma, anaphylaxis, diabetes, epilepsy) may affect participation. Consult Medical Conditions.
- Teachers must be aware of Students participating with orthopedic device(s) and/or assistive devices and establish safety rules and procedures to ensure Students can participate safely in activities.
- Teachers are required to inform all individuals who assist with the activity (for example Qualified Instructors, Aquatic Instructors, Lifeguards, Volunteers) of Students who have needs, orthopedic, assistive devices, and/or medical conditions that may influence participation.

School Board Policies and Procedures

- Prior to participation, the Teacher must reference and apply their school board's policy on equity and inclusion as it affects student participation and makes appropriate accommodations/modifications to provide a safe learning environment. Consult the Intent subsection within the **About section**.
- Students must not participate in the activity until they receive information on concussion prevention specific to the activity, inherent risks of the activity (for example, outline possible risks and ways to minimize the risks), and procedures and rules for safe play. Students must receive instruction on the importance of reporting symptoms related to a suspected concussion.
- Refer to school board policies and procedures (i.e., transportation, excursion/field trip) for parent/guardian communication and permission (for example, the location of an off-site activity, description of the activity and physical environment, means of transportation, inherent risks of the activity, supervision).

Teacher Awareness/Preparation

- Activities must be modified according to the age, ability level, language, and experience of students, number of participants, and the facility available.
- Previous training, fitness level, and the length of time and intensity of physical activity must be taken into consideration.
- Activities must be based on skills that are taught.
- Skills must be taught in proper progression.
- A warm-up and cool-down must be included.
- Teachers and all individuals who assist the Teacher with the activity must be aware of the possibility of
 pressuring Students. Students must be informed not to coerce a reluctant student into participating in
 any component of the activity with which they display or vocalize reluctance.
- When a student displays or vocalizes reluctance about participation, at any time, before or during any
 component of the activity, they must be provided with alternative ways to participate in the activity (for
 example, permit Students to select a role within the activity, remain at or return to a different
 component of the activity, break down new experiences/ components into smaller steps, be introduced

to a new component with which they are comfortable).

- Adequate liquid replacement (personal water bottles, water fountains) must be accessible for students before, during, and after physical activity to prevent dehydration.
- Prior to participation all Teachers and all individuals who assist with the watercraft activity (e.g. Qualified Instructors/ Trip Guides) must be aware of all Students' swimming ability, comfort and experience in water, and the water environment in which the activity takes place (for example, lakes, ponds, rivers) (Refer to <u>Sample Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment Questionnaire Form</u>).
- Teachers and all individuals who assist with the watercraft activity (e.g. Qualified Instructors/Trip Guides) must be aware of Students who have none or limited swim ability/experience in the environment the activity takes place (Refer to <u>Sample Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment</u> <u>Questionnaire Form</u>) and /or display or express hesitancy in the watercraft. The Teacher/Qualified Instructor must include additional program modifications (for example, consider the placement of Students based on their experience and comfort level, placing student with or near the Teacher/Qualified Instructor/Steersperson, and/ or outfitting the student in a PFD or lifejacket with increased buoyancy).

Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment Questionnaire

- Prior to the activity, the Sample Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment Questionnaire Form must be completed (Refer to **Sample Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment Questionnaire Form**).
- The Sample Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment Questionnaire Form must be completed within the school year in which the activity is taking place.
- Results of the Sample Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment Questionnaire Form must be documented and communicated as per school board policy (for example, to the student, Teacher, Principal, Parents/Guardians, Trip Guide(s), Volunteers, Lifeguards, and Outside Provider [as applicable]).

• The Sample Swim Ability and Swim Comfort Assessment Questionnaire Form must be completed and submitted, or the student must not participate in the activity.

Safety Rules and Emergency Procedures

- All Teachers/Qualified Instructors must be knowledgeable of the established safety rules and emergency procedures (for example, capsize/swamp procedures).
- Prior to participation, Students must be familiar with safety rules and emergency procedures specific to the watercraft activity in which they will participate (for example, PFD/lifejacket requirements, buddy responsibilities, capsize/swamp procedures, staying with the boat to use it as a life raft).
- After initial instruction, Students must demonstrate the ability to select a PFD/lifejacket that fits correctly and to properly secure/fasten it
- Students must be informed of the location of available safety equipment and how to use it.
- Before the start of each session, a Teacher/Qualified Instructor must inform appropriate personnel (for example, facility's staff member) of the beginning and ending time on water.
- Proper exit techniques must always be followed. No diving or jumping off rafts.
- Establish appropriate start and stop procedures (for example, whistle system).
- Teachers must be aware of the site's Emergency Action Plan (EAP), including the Site Specific Rescue Plan, and share with all Qualified Instructors/Trip Guides and Students.
- In case of emergency, procedures must be in place to ensure accountability for all boats, Teachers, Qualified Instructors, Trip Guides, Monitors and Students on the water.
- In case of an emergency, a predetermined return route must be established.
- A vehicle for emergency purposes must be available.

Supervision

- All activities must be supervised.
- The type of supervision must be commensurate with the inherent risk of the activity. The level of risk is related to the number of participants, the skill level of the participants, the type of equipment used, and environmental conditions.
- On-Site Supervision is required during the safety and initial skill instruction.
- On-Site Supervision is required by the Teacher when a Qualified Instructor(s) is providing safety and initial skill instruction, and monitoring.
- In-the-Area Supervision is required when trained students are launching and removing rafts from the water while being monitored by a Qualified Instructor(s).
- In-the-Area Supervision is required when trained students are lifting and moving watercraft(s).
- On-Site Supervision is required for the duration of all other components of the activity.
- A Volunteer, under the direction of a Teacher, can monitor students during physical education activities. Refer to your school board's policy on Volunteers assisting with students' physical activities.
- Responsibilities must be clearly outlined for additional Teachers and Volunteers who are monitoring the activity.
- Where a Qualified Instructor is used and the Teacher is not directly with the Qualified Instructor, the Qualified Instructor must provide safety and initial skill instruction, and monitoring for the safe application of skills and student behaviour for the duration of the activity.

Supervision Ratios/Monitoring

• 1 Teacher/Monitor per 15 students

Qualifications

Steersperson Qualifications

- Paddle Rafting steersperson must possess one of the following qualifications:
 - Attendance at a clinic or workshop within the last three years provided by an instructor who is knowledgeable of the activity (for example, appropriate skills and progressions) and where safety is addressed as outlined in the Ontario Physical Activity Safety Standards in Education.
 - Past experience within the last three years as a steersperson in paddle rafting, having knowledge of the activity (for example, appropriate skills and progressions) and where safety is addressed as outlined in the Ontario Physical Activity Safety Standards in Education.

Instructor Qualifications

- For an OCA member waterfront setting (for example, local pond or lake in a sheltered, confined spot), the minimum ORCKA qualification is Camp Canoeing Instructor.
- Situations beyond the training of the Camp Canoeing Instructor or outside of an OCA member setting will require a Qualified Instructor to have one of the following current certifications:
 - ORCKA Basic Canoeing Instructor
 - ORCKA Canadian Style Paddling Instructor
 - ORCKA Canoe Tripping Instructor 2
 - ORCKA Moving Water Instructor 2
 - ORCKA River Running Instructor 2
 - ORCKA Canoe Tripping Level 3
 - Paddle Canada equivalent.

- For non-OCA member sites, and for flatwater paddle rafting in a non-wilderness environment, there must be one Qualified Instructor with a minimum of one of the following qualifications:
 - ORCKA Basic Canoeing Instructor
 - ORCKA Canadian Style Paddling Instructor
 - ORKCA Canoe Tripping Instructor 2
 - ORCKA Moving Water Instructor 2
 - ORCKA River Running Instructor 2
 - ORCKA Canoe Tripping Level 3
 - Paddle Canada Waterfront Canoe Instructor
 - Paddle Canada Intermediate Lake Skills
 - Paddle Canada Introductory Lake Skills
 - Paddle Canada Advanced Lake Skills Solo
 - Paddle Canada Advanced Tripping Skills
 - Paddle Canada Advanced Moving Water (both tandem & solo)
 - Paddle Canada Advanced Tripping Skills + Wilderness Advanced First Aid + CPR + 1000 km experience
 - Paddle Canada Advanced Tripping Skills + Wilderness First Aid + CPR + 500 km experience
 - Paddle Canada Waterfront Canoe Instructor

Water Safety Supervisor Qualifications

- At least one (1) Trip Guide, Assistant Trip Guide, Teacher, Volunteer, or Qualified Instructor with one (1) of the following current certifications must fill the role of Water Safety Supervisor for the Trip Group:
 - Whitewater Rescue Technician
 - Swiftwater Rescue Technician
 - Equivalent to any of the certifications listed
- A student may not act as the Water Safety Supervisor if they are participating in the activity.

First Aid

- A fully stocked first aid kit must be readily accessible. (Consult <u>Outdoor Education Sample Kit</u> <u>Contents</u>)
- A working communication device (for example, satellite or cell phone, or satellite GPS messenger) suitable for the activities/locations must be available. This device must be maintained, waterproofed, protected and dedicated for emergency communications only. The phone number for the device, and phone numbers for emergency services and school contact people (for example, the principal) must be included with the phone.
- At least one individual must have a minimum of a current (three years from the date of issue) first aid certificate (minimum 15 hour course) including CPR C issued by one of the following agencies: St. John Ambulance; Canadian Red Cross; Lifesaving Society; Canadian Ski Patrol; or an organization whose certificate is deemed equivalent by the medical officer of health in the local health unit. This individual must be present for the duration of the activity.
- Follow the school's first aid emergency response ((consult <u>First Aid Plan and First Aid Emergency</u> <u>Response</u>) and the school board's concussion protocol (consult <u>Concussions</u>).

• An emergency action plan and response to deal with evacuations and lockdowns, including specific direction for participants with accessibility needs, must be followed and communicated to all students.

Safety Craft

- If instruction is taking place in a pool, no safety craft is required.
- A safety craft is a designated craft that is rescue-capable, taking into consideration necessary factors (for example, distance from shore, weather, water and wind conditions), and contains at least one Teacher, Trip Guide, or Monitor who meets the first aid certification.
- A safety craft must be in the water and accessible while students are paddle rafting. If the safety craft
 is motorized then the operator must have a Pleasure Craft Operator Card and must have experience in
 navigating the craft.

Definitions

• Class I:

- Easy. Fast moving water with riffles and small waves. There are few obstructions and all are obvious and easily missed with some training.
- Class II:
 - Novice. Straightforward rapids with wide, clear channels which are evident without scouting.
 Occasional maneuvering may be required, but rocks and medium sized waves are easily missed by trained paddlers.
- In-charge Person:
 - Some activities refer to an "In-Charge" person. While the teacher is in-charge and responsible for the overall safety and well-being of students under their care, sometimes there are other personnel who must be identified as "In-Charge" related to specific situations (for example, a

pool lifeguard). In activities where an "In-Charge" person is designated, that person, in consultation with the teacher, must make final decisions regarding safety of the students

• Instructional Time:

• Time during which there is formal instruction and/or instructor led activities. Examples of instructional time are lessons, events, practice, and games.

• Qualified Instructor:

 An individual who provides safety and skill instruction, and monitoring for an activity, and possesses the required qualifications (e.g., experience, certifications). This role could be fulfilled by a teacher, volunteer, or an employee of an outside provider. An instructor does not have the authority to supervise.

• Lifeguard, Assistant Lifeguard and Aquatic Instructor:

• Refer to the Qualification section.

• Lifejacket:

 Canadian-approved lifejackets are designed to turn an unconscious or incapacitated person faceup in the water. Lifejackets are available with varying amounts of flotation and turning ability.
 Canadian approved Lifejackets are stamped or labelled indicating that they are approved by Transport Canada, the Canadian Coast Guard or the Department of Fisheries and Oceans.

• Monitor:

 An individual who assists the Teacher with a group of students, (e.g., Volunteer, Qualified Instructor) and has a responsibility to monitor student behaviors for the duration of the activity.

• Monitoring:

- The role of monitoring is to observe, identify, act, and report:
 - Observe: Observe with attention to detail the actions of the students.
 - Identify: Identify the student and the unsafe behaviour.

- Act: Take appropriate actions to safeguard students and others (e.g., stop the activity).
- Report: Provide the name of the student and the unsafe behaviour to the teacher for management and direction.

• Outside Activity Provider:

 A commercial company, volunteer organization, or individual, not associated with the school board, who possess the required qualifications to provide safety and initial skill instruction, and monitoring for the duration of an activity.

• Personal Flotation Device (P.F.D.):

 Canadian-approved P.F.D.'s are designed for use in recreational boating and are generally smaller, less bulky and more comfortable than lifejackets. They may have less flotation than lifejackets and may have no or little self-turning ability (the ability to turn an unconscious or incapacitated person face-up in the water). Canadian approved P.F.D.'s are stamped or labelled indicating that they are approved by Transport Canada, the Canadian Coast Guard or the Department of Fisheries and Oceans.

• Supervision:

- The vigilant overseeing of an activity for management or direction. Activities, facilities, and equipment have inherent risks, but the more effectively they are supervised, the safer they become.
- The Ontario Physical Activity Safety Standards in Education includes three Types of supervision, Direct Supervision, On-Site Supervision, and In-the-Area Supervision. These types of supervision take into consideration the level of risk, which is related to the number of participants, the skill level of the participants, the type of equipment used, the environmental conditions, the age, and developmental stage.
- The three types of supervision described are not hierarchical but represent the type of supervision that activities require and the type of supervision that is inherently possible.

- Some activities in OPASSE transition from one type of supervision to another type of supervision (e.g., Direct Supervision to On-Site Supervision OR On-Site Supervision to In-the-Area Supervision).
- Teacher:
 - A person with a current certification from the Ontario College of Teachers and under contract by the school/school board (i.e., teacher, vice-principal, principal). This person is legally responsible for the students and has the authority and responsibility to supervise.
- Trip Guide:
 - An individual who has the required certifications and/or knowledge/skills of the route and activity. This role could be fulfilled by a Teacher, a Volunteer, or an employee of an Outside Activity Provider and must be approved by the school/school board. Trip Guides have been instructed on their monitoring responsibilities.

• Types of Supervision:

• Direct Supervision:

- Direct Supervision requires that the Teacher is physically present at the activity, providing visual and verbal oversight for management and direction of both, the activity and student safety.
 - Provisos:
 - No other activity can occur when part of the activity or the entire activity is under Direct Supervision when there is only one Teacher supervising.
 - The Supervision section of the relevant activity safety standards page in the Ontario Physical Activity Safety Standards in Education describes when parts of an activity are under Direct Supervision.
 - Where a Qualified Instructor(s) is providing the safety and initial skill instruction and monitoring for one activity and requires the Teacher to be

present at that activity for management and direction.

- An activity may be under Direct Supervision:
 - During the entire duration of the activity;
 - During the set up and take down of equipment; .
 - During the safety and initial skill instruction;
 - During the performance/practice of the activity skill; and
 - When the activities transition from Direct Supervision to On-Site Supervision.

• In-the-Area Supervision:

- The Teacher is located in proximity to a combination of locations where the student activities take place, is circulating, and is accessible for providing management and direction of the physical activity and student safety.
 - Provisos:
 - The Teacher is circulating between the activities occurring at separate locations, and is readily accessible, or the location of the Teacher is communicated to the student.
 - Where a Qualified Instructor(s) is providing the safety and skill and instruction and is monitoring at a combination of locations, the Teacher is located in proximity to where the student activities take place, is circulating between the activity locations, and is accessible for management and direction.
 - Students may be out of sight for periods of time.
 - An activity or a component of the activity is under In-the-Area Supervision:
 - Where the same activity is located in separate locations (e.g., Fitness activities);

- Where two or more activities under In-the-Area Supervision occur in separate locations (e.g., Badminton, Table Tennis, Handball (Wall));
- Where the skill application of the activity takes place at a separate location from the teacher (e.g., Cross Country Running, Skiing (Alpine), Cycling, hiking on trails);
- When the activities occur in double or triple gymnasiums; and
- Where more than one Qualified Instructor is providing activities at a combination of locations.

• On-Site Supervision:

- The Teacher is present at one location where the student activity takes place (e.g., gymnasium, sports field, climbing wall at an Outside Activity Provider's facility, campsite) and is accessible for providing management and direction of the physical activity and student safety.
 - Provisos:
 - Where more than one activity occurs in one location, the Teacher is circulating between the activities and is accessible for management and direction.
 - Momentary presence in adjoining rooms (e.g., equipment room, outdoor storage shed, boathouse, staff tent) is considered to be On-Site Supervision.
 - Where a Qualified Instructor(s) is providing the safety and initial skill instruction and monitoring for an activity or a combination of activities at one location and the Teacher is present and is circulating and accessible for management and direction.
 - An activity may be under On-Site Supervision:
 - During the entire duration of the activity;
 - During the safety and initial skill instruction;

- With activities using multiple stations while the Teacher is circulating;
- When combining two or more activities at one location while the Teacher is circulating; and
- When activities transition from On-Site Supervision to In-the-Area Supervision.

• Volunteer:

 A responsible adult (e.g., Educational Assistants, Retired Teachers, Co-op Students, Parents/Guardians, Teacher Candidates) approved by the Principal/Designate who is under the direction of a Teacher and has been instructed on their monitoring responsibilities. Refer to your school board's policy on volunteers assisting with student's physical activities.

Last Published Tue, 08/12/25 09:20 am